



CUADERNILLO
4º Educación Secundaria
Competencia Lingüística en Inglés

INSTRUCCIONES

- **Responde únicamente en las hojas de respuesta.**
- En este cuadernillo puedes escribir y utilizarlo como hoja de trabajo.

COMPRESIÓN ORAL (LISTENING)

A continuación, vas a escuchar una audición sobre un instituto. La audición consta de dos partes: una introducción con las normas del Centro y posteriormente una visita guiada a las instalaciones. Vas a escuchar las dos partes seguidas dos veces. El primer ejercicio versa sobre la primera parte y el segundo sobre la segunda.

Choose the correct answer. Only one answer is correct. The information for these questions is found in the first part of the audio.

1. If your child doesn't attend school, you will receive a message...

- A. if you don't notify the school by 9:00.
- B. after the second day of absence.
- C. if you don't phone the school.
- D. if the child is under 16.

2. You must call the school...

- A. every time your child cannot attend school that day.
- B. if your child cannot take PE lessons.
- C. if your child is going to miss school for a while.
- D. if your child has an infectious illness.

3. The school phone number is...

- A. 6340599198.
- B. 6348599198.
- C. 6340529198
- D. 6340591198

4. Can you buy the school uniform on the Internet?

- A. Yes, you can, since last year.
- B. Yes, but you need a special code.
- C. Not yet.
- D. Yes, with a special certificate.

5. What does the school do with lost clothes?

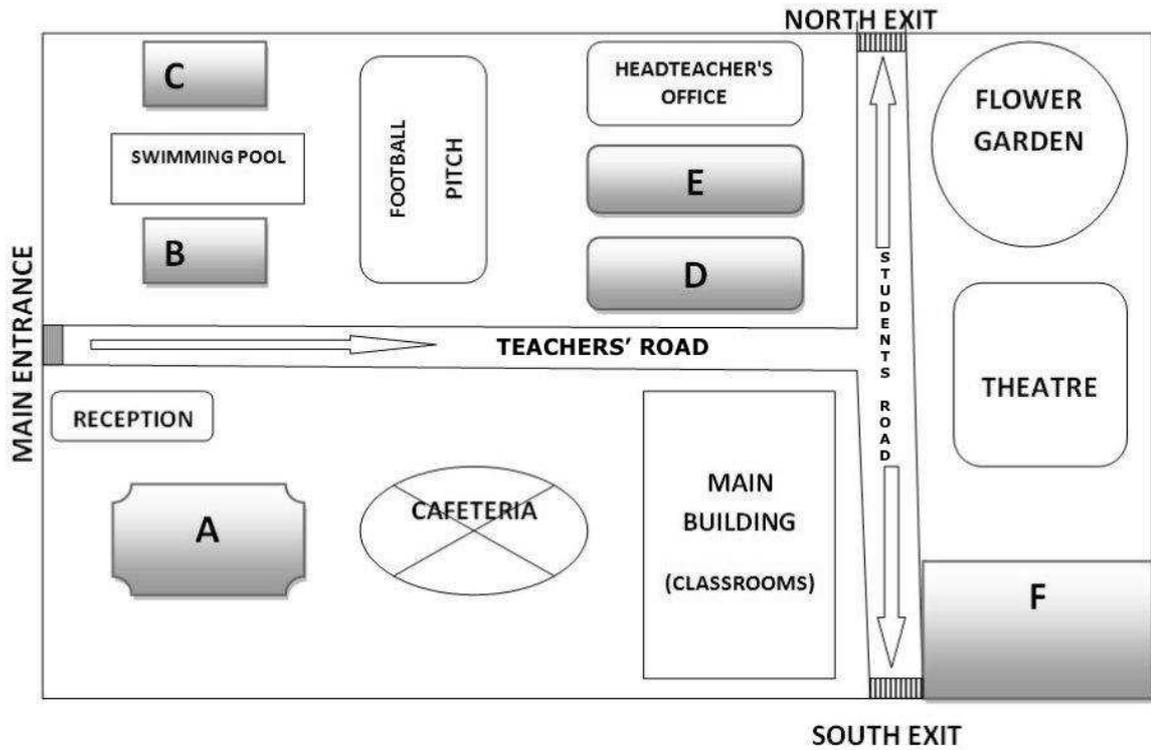
- A. They throw them away after six weeks.
- B. They sell them at the end of the year.
- C. They send them to parents.
- D. They take them to the school Reception.

6. Confiscated phones can be collected by...

- A. parents the day after they have been confiscated.
- B. parents after 15:15.
- C. parents during school hours.
- D. students the day after they have been confiscated.

Write the names of the buildings (A-F) according to the map. Use no more than 3 words. The information is in the second part of the audio (guided tour)

MAGGIE HALLS SCHOOL



7. A: _____
8. B: _____
9. C: _____
10. D: _____
11. E: _____
12. F: _____

COMPRENSIÓN ESCRITA (READING)



[HTTPS://COMMONS.WIKIMEDIA.ORG/WIKI/FILE:DRONES_PROHIBITED.SVG](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Drones_prohibited.svg)

Drone Safety Tips

Over 2 million drones are expected to be sold in Britain in 2018. As more people enter the drone scene, however, the prospects for crashes and accidents also multiply. **(Paragraph 1)** If you are a parent buying your children a drone, here are some safety tips to help ensure that you have a better and safer flying experience.

Fly in good weather: You can minimize a lot of problems by only operating your drone during ideal conditions. By the way, “good weather” for drones is not limited to clear skies and the absence of rain. You can have sunny days with strong winds, for example, which can make flying a drone a riskier experience. **(Paragraph 2)**

Don't fly over people: This includes keeping drones below 125 metres. **(Paragraph 3)** . This tip is best illustrated by the near miss experienced by skier Marcel Hirscher, who nearly got hit by a drone that was loaded with gear and fell out of the sky. If it had happened just two seconds earlier, he would have been seriously injured and possibly even killed. There have also been incidents of drones being shot out of the sky by people who are out hunting. Remember, not everyone is a fan of drones.

Don't fly over someone else's house: Unless you've got permission and a really good reason to do so, you really shouldn't be flying over other people's homes. If someone spies your drone, especially if it has a camera, things can escalate quickly. **(Paragraph 4)** And if your drone just happens to crash into someone's yard and hits a child, you risk going to jail.

Stay away from airports: Speaking of flying vehicles, drones and airports typically don't mix well. In fact, some drone apps include airports in their no fly zones. Moreover, you must know what the regulations say. **(Paragraph 5)** In early 2016, an Air France pilot had to switch from autopilot to manual flight controls in order to avoid a drone at Charles de Gaulle Airport in Paris. Another drone put 130 lives at risk after it nearly hit an airplane approaching London Gatwick airport in July last year. This has been just one out of the 99 incidents reported so far, compared to 62 in 2016 and 29 in 2015.

Adapted from: <https://www.lifewire.com> and <http://www.telegraph.co.uk>

13. The following sentences have been omitted from the text. Write the letter (A, B, C, D or E) in the appropriate box in each of the corresponding paragraphs in the text.

- A. In addition, they must always remain 50 metres away from people or buildings.
- B. People like their privacy, you know!
- C. If you're flying within 5 miles of one, you must notify the authorities.
- D. To make matters worse, families are unaware of the strict laws governing their use.
- E. And of course, do not fly after dark, even if your drone has night lights.

14. Read the text again and decide if the following sentences are True or False.

Statement	True	False
A. If it isn't rainy or cloudy, you're safe to fly your drone.		
B. You can't fly your drone higher than 125m.		
C. Drones are allowed above houses only if they have a camera.		
D. A drone caused a plane accident in London last year.		

Read the text and choose the correct answer. Only one answer is correct

15. The number of drone-related accidents will increase in the future because...

- A. of climate change.
- B. children won't follow the safety measures.
- C. there will be more drones.
- D. there will be more people.

16. Marcel Hirscher was...

- A. hit and hurt by a drone.
- B. killed by a drone.
- C. about to be hit by a drone.
- D. in the sky when he saw a drone.

17. According to the text, you may go to prison if...

- A. you fly your drone under 50 metres.
- B. your drone falls and hits a kid.
- C. you fly your drone in the rain.
- D. your drone films a person at home.

18. A pilot in France managed to save the passengers on a flight thanks to...

- A. his ability.
- B. the plane's auto-flying system.
- C. his 130 passengers.
- D. a drone app included in the plane.

19. The text is mainly written for...

- A. children flying a drone.
- B. governments and politicians.
- C. parents with children.
- D. people selling drones.

20. Sometimes hunters shoot at drones because...

- A. they don't like them.
- B. they think they are birds.
- C. they can then sell the broken parts.
- D. they want to protest against drones.

Find the word in the text which has the same meaning. Write only ONE word.

- 21. Probabilities (*paragraph 1*)
- 22. Perfect (*paragraph 2*)
- 23. Under (*paragraph 3*)
- 24. Areas (*paragraph 5*)

EXPRESIÓN ESCRITA (WRITING). PART 1

Here are a few sentences about a girl called Sarah.

For each question, complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first one. USE NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS.

25. Sarah has been studying German for eight years.

Sarah started studying German

26. Sarah has never had a smartphone.

It is that Sarah has had a smartphone.

27. Sarah is too young to drive a car.

Sarah isn't to drive a car.

28. Sarah said that she had never visited London.

Sarah said, 'I London'.

EXPRESIÓN ESCRITA (WRITING). PART 2

Students should be allowed to use mobile phones at High School. What do you think? Write between 100-150 words on the topic. In your essay you must:

- Introduce the topic.
- Give at least two arguments in favour of the statement.
- Give at least two arguments against the statement.
- Write a conclusion and give your own opinion.
- Use an appropriate formal style. Check your grammar and your spelling.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION!